

# **ZZLL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, INC**

## **FORM 10-Q/A** (Amended Quarterly Report)

Filed 03/15/17 for the Period Ending 03/31/16

Telephone	852-5984-7571
CIK	0001365357
Symbol	ZZLL
SIC Code	5900 - Retail-Miscellaneous Retail
Industry	Leisure & Recreation
Sector	Consumer Cyclical
Fiscal Year	12/31

# U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-Q/A

### (Amendment No. 1 to Form 10-Q)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

*Commission File No. 333-134991*

### **ZZLL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, INC**

### **(F/K/A GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC)**

(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

<u>Nevada</u>	<u>20-3486523</u>
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or formation)	(I.R.S. employer identification number)

Unit 1010 Miramar Tower,  
132 Nathan Road, Tsimshatsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong  
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number: (852) 5984 7571

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act:  
None.

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:  
Common Stock, \$.0001 par value per share  
(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the issuer was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posed pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company   
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [x]

**APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS:**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes [ ] No [ ]

**APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:**

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of March 31, 2016, the Company had 18,725,003 shares of common stock outstanding.

**EXPLANATORY NOTE: The Company has included the XBRL Interactive Data Table 101 Exhibits with this amended filing. Noteworthy, the Company Changed its name from Green Standard Technologies, Inc. to ZZLL Information Technology, Inc. filed on a FORM 8-K June 1, 2016.**

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**GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC**

**UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INDEX**

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## Item 1. Financial Statements

**Green Standard Technologies, Inc**  
**Consolidated Financial Statements**  
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015  
(Stated in US Dollar)

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
(Stated in US Dollars)

	<i>March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)</i>	<i>Dec 31, 2015 (Audited)</i>
	\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current Assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	108	173
Prepayment	-	-
Due from related party – Note 7	13,766	14,490
Total Current Assets	13,874	14,663
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>13,874</b>	<b>14,663</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current Liabilities</b>		
Other payables and accrued liabilities – Note 6	448,154	408,387
Notes payable	-	-
Due to related party – Note 7	-	-
Total current liabilities	448,154	408,387
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>448,154</b>	<b>408,387</b>
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES – Note 18</b>		
<b>STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock		
Par value : 2016 - US\$0.0001 (2015: US\$0.0001)		
Authorized: 2016 – 300,000,000 common shares, 100,000,000 preferred shares		
Issued and outstanding: 2016– 18,725,003 shares (2015– 18,725,003)	1,873	1,873
Additional paid-in capital	1,195,854	1,195,854
Accumulated other comprehensive income	-	-
Accumulated deficit	(1,632,007)	(1,591,451)
Total Stockholders' Equity of the Group	(434,280)	(393,724)
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY OF THE GROUP</b>	<b>(434,280)</b>	<b>(393,724)</b>
<b>ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS</b>	-	-
<b>ATTRIBUTBLE TO THE GROUP</b>	(434,280)	(393,724)
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>13,874</b>	<b>14,663</b>

See notes to consolidated financial statement.



GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS  
(Stated in US Dollars)

	<i>Three Months Ended 31 Mar, 2016</i>	<i>Three Months Ended 31 Mar, 2015</i>	<i>Apr 15, 2011 (Inception) Through 31 Mar, 2016</i>
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	-	-	-
Net sales	-	-	-
Cost of sales	-	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Gross profit	-	-	-
Other operating income – Note 5	-	-	-
Administrative and other operating expenses	(40,556)	(72,248)	(893,719)
Loss from operations	(40,556)	(72,248)	(893,719)
Other non-operating income	-	-	131
Interest expenses – Note 5	-	-	(15)
Loss before income taxes	(40,556)	(72,248)	(893,603)
Income taxes - Note 6	-	-	-
Net Loss	(40,556)	(72,248)	(893,603)
Non-controlling interest	-	-	-
Net Loss attributable to the Company	<hr/> <u>(40,556)</u>	<hr/> <u>(72,248)</u>	<hr/> <u>(893,603)</u>
Earnings per share of common stock – Note 4			
- Basic	(0.22) cents	(0.39) cents*	(6.41) cents*
- Diluted	<hr/> <u>(0.22) cents</u>	<hr/> <u>(0.39) cents*</u>	<hr/> <u>(6.41) cents*</u>
Weighted average number of common stock – Note 4			
- Basic	18,725,003	18,725,003*	13,940,083*
- Diluted	<hr/> <u>18,725,003</u>	<hr/> <u>18,725,003*</u>	<hr/> <u>13,940,083*</u>

\*As the number of common shares outstanding decreased as a result of a reverse stock split during year ended December 31, 2015, the computations of basic and diluted EPS shall be adjusted retroactively for all periods presented to reflect that change in capital structure.

See notes to consolidated financial statements

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  
(Stated in US Dollars)

	Common stock Shares outstanding	Amount	Additional paid-in capital	Other Comprehensive Income	Accumulated deficit during the development stage	Total stockholders' equity/(deficit)
Balance, April 1, 2012	400,000	\$ 400	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ 400
Net loss	---	---	---	---	(336)	(336)
Balance, December 31, 2012	<u>400,000</u>	<u>\$ 400</u>	<u>\$ ---</u>	<u>\$ ---</u>	<u>\$ (336)</u>	<u>\$ 64</u>
Balance, December 31, 2013	18,025,003	\$ 1,803	\$ 893,924	\$ 0	\$ (1,002,455)	\$ (106,728)
Balance, Dec 31, 2014	18,585,003	\$ 1,859	\$ 1,153,868	\$ ---	\$ (1,367,154)	\$ (211,427)
Balance, Dec 31, 2015	18,725,003	1,873	1,195,854	---	(1,591,451)	(393,724)
Net loss	---	---	---	---	(40,556)	(40,556)
Balance, March 31, 2016	<u>18,725,003</u>	<u>\$ 1,873</u>	<u>\$ 1,195,854</u>	<u>\$ ---</u>	<u>\$ (1,632,007)</u>	<u>\$ (434,280)</u>

See notes to consolidated financial statements

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
(Stated in US Dollars)

	<i>Three Months Ended Mar 31, 2016  (Unaudited)</i>	<i>Three Months Ended Mar 31, 2015  (Unaudited)</i>	<i>Apr 15, 2011 (inception) Through Mar 31, 2016 (Unaudited)</i>
	\$	\$	\$
<b>Cash flows used in operating activities</b>			
Net (Loss) / Income	(40,556)	(72,248)	(893,603)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows used in operating activities:			
Re-organization (reverse merger and spin-off)	-	-	(9,195)
Stock based compensation	-	-	85,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Prepayment	-	-	-
Accounts payable	-	-	-
Other payables and accrued liabilities	39,767	50,746	448,154
Notes payable	-	-	-



Net Cash flows used in operating activities	(789)	(21,502)	(369,644)
<b>Cash flows from investing activity</b>			
Disposal of subsidiary OODI	-	22,942	22,942
Net cash flows generated from investing activity	-	22,942	22,942
<b>Cash flows used in financing activities</b>			
Proceed from Issuance of common stock	-	42,000	360,576
Amounts due to / from related parties	724	44,279	(13,766)
Net cash flows (used in) / generated from financing activities	724	(2,279)	346,810
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(65)	(839)	108
Effect of foreign currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	173	2,034	-
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	<u>108</u>	<u>1,195</u>	<u>108</u>
Supplemental disclosures for cash flow information :			
Cash paid for :			
Interest	-	-	-
Income taxes	-	-	-

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Stated in US Dollars)

**1. Corporation information**

Green Standard Technologies, Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on September 9, 2005, under the name of JML Holdings, Inc.

On March 31, 2006, the Company consummated a merger (the “merger”) with Bao Shinn International Express Limited (“BSIE”) by issuing 16,500,000 shares in the share exchange transaction for 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of BSIE common stock. As a result of the share exchange transaction, BSIE became our wholly-owned subsidiary. BSIE owns 55% of Bao Shinn Holidays Limited (“BSHL”)

During the year ended March 31, 2009, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) issued 2,400,000 restricted common shares of \$0.001 per share at a value of \$0.3 per share with a net proceeds of approximately \$624,000 and redeemed 2,500,000 restricted common shares and these shares are classified as not issued and outstanding.

Effective on October 19, 2011, each of ten (10) shares of the Company’s Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share, issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, the “Old Common Stock” shall automatically and without any action on the part of the holder thereof, be reclassified as and changed into one (1) share of the Company’s outstanding Common Stock, the “New Common Stock”

On March 4, 2013 the Company acquired all the outstanding stock of Olive Oils Direct International, Inc. (“OODI”), a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Wyoming. In accordance with the terms of the Exchange Agreement between the parties, certain Company’s shareholders (the “Company Selling Shareholders”) transferred 1,485,000 shares of the common stock of the Company (the “Company Shares”) to the shareholders of OODI (the “OODI Shareholders”). In return, the OODI Shareholders transferred all of the outstanding shares of common stock of OODI to the Company, and they paid \$100,000.00 in cash to the Company Selling Shareholders. In addition, immediately prior to the closing of the acquisition, the Company spun off its operating subsidiary, Hong Kong Holdings, Inc., to its shareholders. OODI is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The transaction was accounted for as a “reverse merger,” since the original stockholders of the OODI own a majority of the outstanding shares of the Company stock immediately following the completion of the transaction on March 4, 2013. OODI was the legal acquiree but deemed to be the accounting acquirer, the Company was the legal acquirer but deemed to be the accounting acquiree in the reverse merger. The historical financial statements prior to the acquisition are those of the accounting acquirer (OODI). Historical stockholders’ equity of the acquirer prior to the merger was acquirer’s stockholders’ equity. Operations prior to the merger are those of the acquirer. After completion of the transaction, the Company’s consolidated financial statements include the assets and liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries, the operations and cash flow of the Company and its subsidiaries

OODI is a development-stage company that plans to develop and operate a retail internet website specializing in gourmet Italian food products. These products are expected to include olive oils, pastas, vinegars and other gourmet Italian food items. In addition, in the future OODI may offer cooking items, such as utensils, cooking tools and similar products from other countries. OODI is currently developing an e-commerce website by the name of [www.OliveOilsDirect.com](http://www.OliveOilsDirect.com) that will sell products inventoried by OliveOilsDirect.com and other products offered by other large well-established retailers. OODI is a “development stage company” and is subject to compliance under ASC915-15. It is devoting its resources to establishing the new business, and its planned operations have not yet commenced; accordingly, no revenues have been earned during the period from April 15, 2011 (date of inception) to March 31, 2015.

On March 31, 2015, the Company disposed the operation unit of OODI for US\$1,000 to Jet Express Trading Limited, a Hong Kong registered company.

On April 23, 2013 the Company incorporated a subsidiary company in Hong Kong under the name Syndicore Asia Limited. Syndicore Asia Limited (“SAL”) is an online media company that syndicates professional sports video in a cloud-based, multimedia conduit serving a growing, global community of content creators, news outlets and leading brands. Syndicore Asia Limited will be a provider of syndicated sports video media to news organizations in the Asia Pacific region. In

addition, Syndicore Asia Limited plans to aggregate content from the Asia Pacific region and provide it to news organizations around the world.

On May 31, 2013 the Registrant completed an offering of 15,000,000 shares of its common stock. These shares were sold to a total of eighteen (18) shareholders for a total consideration of \$75,000. These shares were sold on a private placement basis and the Company paid no commission in connection with such sales.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Stated in US Dollars)

**1. Corporation information (continued)**

All sales were made outside of the United States. Securities issued by the Company did not involve any public offering of securities. Investors who purchased securities in the private placement had access to information about the Registrant which was necessary to allow them to make an informed investment decision. The Registrant has been informed that each shareholder is able to bear the economic risk of his investment they are aware that the securities are not registered under the Securities Act. The purchasers of the securities have been notified that the securities cannot be re-offered or re-sold unless the securities are registered or are qualified for sale pursuant to an exemption from registration. Neither the Registrant nor any person acting on its behalf offered or sold the securities by means of any form of general solicitation or general advertising. All purchasers represented in writing that they acquired the securities for their own accounts and not with a view to or for resale in connection with any distribution. A legend will be placed on each of the stock certificates stating that the securities are restricted, they have not been registered under the Securities Act and they cannot be sold or otherwise transferred without an effective registration or an exemption therefrom.

On April 1, 2013, the Board of Director resolved to pay an officer for a monthly service fee of US\$4,250. The fee was raised to US\$10,000 per month as of October 1, 2013. The Company has an option to pay the officer by common stock in lieu of cash at a rate of \$0.005 per share. During 2013, the Company issued 1,700,000 shares on June 3, 2013; 850,000 shares on July 2, 2013; 850,000 shares on August 5, 2013 and 850,000 shares on September 6, 2013 with an aggregate of 4,250,000 shares in lieu of \$21,250 compensation to the officer. The amounts recorded were about \$85,000 at fair price per ASC 718.

On November 15, 2013 we forfeited and canceled 3,365,000 shares common stock which was subscribed by four (4) shareholders on May 31, 2013. However, they did not fulfill their payment obligation on the shares that were valued at \$16,825 according to the subscription term. The Company forfeited and canceled such 3,365,000 common shares.

On December 15, 2013, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Syndicore Asia Limited, a Hong Kong Company (“SAL”), entered into a Distribution Agreement (the “Distribution Agreement”) with SendtoNews Video, Inc., a British Columbia company (“STN”). Under the terms of the Distribution Agreement, SAL was granted an exclusive license to use, modify, edit, reproduce, distribute, feed, store, communicate, display, and transmit STN’s content in the Asia Pacific Territory (the “Content”). STN is the content provider for various worldwide sporting events. STN would also provide on-going assistance to SAL with regard to technical, administrative, and service-orientated issues relating to the delivery, utilization, transmission, storage and maintenance of the Content.

On January 20, 2014, the parties entered into a revised Distribution Agreement whereby STN has agreed to provide SAL transferrable rights for the use, reproduction, storage, display, and transmission of certain content subject to pre-approval in writing from STN. In addition, the revised Distribution Agreement includes changes to the revenue sharing terms, and adds a share of advertising revenue directly resulting from aggregated content by SAL within the territory.

On July 8, 2014 the Registrant completed an offering of 300,000 shares of common stock and warrants (the “Units”). These Units were sold to one shareholder for a total consideration of \$150,000. These Units were sold on a private placement basis and the Company paid no commission in connection with such sales. All sales were made outside of the United States.

On August 1, 2014 the Company subscribed to 1,000,000 shares of the \$.0001 par value common stock of Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.), a Corporation duly organized under the laws of the state of Nevada for \$100.00.

Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc is in the medical and recreation marijuana industry, and the establishment of a website will be used to further their business by providing visitors with medical and recreational marijuana resources. Management believes that this online presence is essential in developing and

expanding their existing business.

On October 29, 2014 the Company, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. entered into a Website Development Agreement with Social Asylum Inc. ("SAI"). Under the terms of the Agreement SAI has agreed to provide a fully functioning ecommerce website with unique and proprietary functions. According to a mutually agreed upon set of features and milestones for a minimum cost of \$150,000, but the cost could potentially be higher depending on finalized functionality, scope and details. Also included are plans for launch, market and geographic expansion

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Stated in US Dollars)

**1. Corporation information (continued)**

On October 29, and November 3, 2014 the Registrant completed an offering of 160,000 shares of common stock and warrants (the "Units"). These Units were sold to two shareholders for a total consideration of \$80,000. These Units were sold on a private placement basis and the Company paid no commission in connection with such sales. All sales were made outside of the United States.

On December 8, 2014 the Registrant completed an offering of 100,000 shares of common stock and warrants (the "Units"). These Units were sold to one shareholder for a total consideration of \$30,000. These Units were sold on a private placement basis and the Company paid no commission in connection with such sales. All sales were made outside of the United States.

On January 13, 2015 the Registrant completed an offering of 140,000 shares of common stock and warrants (the "Units"). The warrants are exercisable for a period of two years after the subscription date at an exercise price of \$.40 per share. These Units were sold to one shareholder for a total consideration of \$42,000. These Units were sold on a private placement basis and the Company paid no commission in connection with such sales. All sales were made outside of the United States.

On June 6, 2015, the Nevada subsidiary, Green Standard Technologies Inc. has been amended the name to "Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. On June 17, 2015, the Nevada holding company, Baoshinn Corporation has been amended to the name "Green Standard Technologies, Inc."

**2. Description of business**

OODI is a development-stage company that plans to develop and operate a retail internet website specializing in gourmet Italian food products. On March 31, 2015, the Company disposed the operation unit of OODI for US\$1,000 to Jet Express Trading Limited, a Hong Kong registered company.

Syndicore Asia Limited ("SAL") is an online media company that syndicates professional sports video in a cloud-based, multimedia conduit serving a growing global community of content creators, news outlets and leading brands. Syndicore Asia Limited will be a provider of syndicated sports video media to news organizations in the Asia Pacific region. In addition, Syndicore Asia Limited plans to aggregate content from the Asia Pacific region and provide it to news organizations around the world.

Syndicore Asia Limited will strive to become a leading digital content provider for the Asia Pacific region, capitalizing on an explosively growing market with local, regional and national content that was previously unavailable. This is a new and exciting market, and offers unparalleled opportunities for expansion and rapid growth. Syndicore Asia Limited will also be the exclusive Asian partner and distributor for SendtoNews.

SAL's exclusive distribution agreement with SendtoNews Video Incorporated ("STN") for the Asia Pacific region includes major markets such as Japan, China and India. SAL now has distribution rights of online content for some of the world's leading sports organizations with the same highlights, player interviews and other fan-interest content. SAL, being the exclusive provider in the Asia Pacific region for highly sought after content, offers deep market exposure with unprecedented efficiency and metrics-driven transparency. On the other side of the distribution chain, we will create SAL's own proprietary news partnerships to provide guaranteed content distribution in return for a corresponding share of advertising revenues to a News industry looking to supplement their rapidly declining traditional ad revenue with viable "digital-age" revenue.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 (Stated in US Dollars)

**2. Description of business (continued)**

On August 1, 2014 Green Standard Technologies, Inc. formed Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc., (“GSTEI”) as a wholly owned subsidiary incorporated under the law of the state of Nevada. The Company’s second line of business is carried out by this subsidiary.

Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. (“GSTEI”) is in the medical and recreation marijuana industry, and the establishment of a website will be used to further their business by providing visions with medical and recreational marijuana resource.

On October 29, 2014 Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. entered into a Website Development Agreement with Social Asylum Inc. (“SAI”). Under the terms of the Agreement SAI has agreed to provide a fully functioning ecommerce website with unique and proprietary functions, according to a mutually agreed upon set of features and milestones for minimum cost of \$150,000, but the cost could potentially be higher depending on finalized functionality, scope and details. Also included are plans for launch, market and geographic expansion in the USA and potentially Europe.

On April 1, 2015, Green Standard Technologies, Inc. and Rider Capital Corp. signed the following agreements:

- (1) Contractor Agreement to serve as an expert on filing services. GST shall pay \$360,000 USD for one (1) year on April 1, 2015 and on the anniversary date of the contract to Rider Capital Corp., unless otherwise terminated.
- (2) Contractor Agreement to serve as an expert on compliance services. GST shall pay \$450,000 USD for one (1) year on April 1, 2015 and on the anniversary date of the contract to Rider Capital Corp., unless otherwise terminated.
- (3) Contractor Agreement to serve as an expert on distribution and business development. GST shall pay \$550,000 USD for one (1) year on April 1, 2015 and on the anniversary date of the contract to Rider Capital Corp., unless otherwise terminated.

On April 1, 2015, the Company issued three convertible promissory notes to Rider Capital Corp. in the sum of \$360,000, \$450,000 and \$550,000 with 8% annual interest rate, no collateral and redeemable on October 2015 in exchange for the contractor agreement signed for the filing, compliance and distribution and business development services to be provided.

On September 24, 2015, the Company and Rider Capital Corp. signed the Debt Cancellation Note for the following Consulting Contracts and Promissory Note Agreements, leaving no outstanding balance owing between the Contractor and the Company:

- (1) Contractor Agreement to serve as an expert on filing services signed on April 1, 2015. Promissory Note is in the amount of \$360,000.
- (2) Contractor Agreement to serve as an expert on compliance services signed on April 1, 2015. Promissory Note is in the amount of \$450,000.
- (3) Contractor Agreement to serve as an expert on distribution and business development signed on April 1, 2015. Promissory Note is in the amount of \$550,000.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
 NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
 (Stated in US Dollars)

**3. Going concern**

The financial statements at March 31, 2016, at Dec 31, 2015 and for the period from April 15, 2011 (date of inception), to March 31, 2016, have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The Company incurred an accumulated loss of \$1,632,007 for the period from April 15, 2011 (date of inception), to March 31, 2016. It has not generated any revenues and no revenues are anticipated until we begin selling inventoried products. These conditions raise substantial doubt as to the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

Management’s plans to support the Company in operation and to maintain its business strategy is to raise funds through public and private offerings and to rely on officers and directors to perform essential functions with minimal compensation. If we do not raise all of the money we need from a public offering, we will have to find alternative sources, such as a private placement of securities, or loans from our officers, directors or others. If we require additional cash and can’t raise it, we will either have to suspend operations until the cash is raised, or cease business entirely.

The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

**4. Summary of significant accounting policies**

Basis of presentation and consolidation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles for financial information and in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission’s Regulation S-X. They reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of the Company’s management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position and operating results as of and for the period April 15, 2011 (date of inception) to March 31,

2016.

On June 29, 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (Codification) as the single source of authoritative US generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all non- governmental entities Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and also sources of authoritative US GAAP for SEC registrants. The Codification does not change US GAAP but takes previously issued FASB standards and other U.S. GAAP authoritative pronouncements, changes the way the standards are referred to, and includes them in specific topic arrears. The adoption of the Codification did not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of The Group and its subsidiaries. All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the years are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal.

The Company has limited operations and is considered to be in the development stage under ASC 915-15. The functional currency is the United States dollar, and the financial statements are presented in United States dollars.

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GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
(Stated in US Dollars)

**4. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

Use of estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. These accounts and estimates include, but are not limited to, the valuation of accounts receivable, deferred income taxes and the estimation on useful lives of plant and equipment. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentrations of credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Group to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable. In respect of accounts receivable, the Group extends credit based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, generally without requiring collateral or other security. In order to minimize the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsibility for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. Further, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at each balance sheet date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Group consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash, deposits in banks and other highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at original amount less allowance made for doubtful receivables, if any, based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. An allowance is also made when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of receivables. Bad debts are written off when identified. The Group extends unsecured credit to customers in the normal course of business and believes all accounts receivable in excess of the allowances for doubtful receivables to be fully collectible. The Group does not accrue interest on trade accounts receivable.

The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount.

Plant and equipment

Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost represents the purchase price of the asset and other costs incurred to bring the asset into its existing use. Maintenance, repairs and betterments, including replacement of minor items, are charged to expense; major additions to physical properties are capitalized.

Depreciation of plant and equipment is provided using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives at the following annual rates:

Furniture and fixtures	20% - 50%
Office equipment	20%

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GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**4.Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

Property and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Assets to be disposed of are separately presented in the balance sheet and reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated.

Revenue recognition

The Group recognizes revenue when it is earned and realizable based on the following criteria: persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists, services have been rendered, the price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured.

The Group also evaluates the presentation of revenue on a gross versus a net basis through application of Emerging Issues Task Force No. (“EITF”) 99-19, *Reporting Revenue Gross as a Principal versus Net as an Agent*. The consensus of this literature is that the presentation of revenue as “the gross amount billed to a customer because it has earned revenue from the sale of goods or services or the net amount retained (that is, the amount billed to a customer less the amount paid to a supplier) because it has earned a commission or fee” is a matter of judgment that depends on the relevant facts and circumstances. In making an evaluation of this issue, some of the factors that should be considered are: whether the Group is the primary obligor in the arrangement (strong indicator); whether it has general inventory risk (before customer 1 order is placed under or upon customer return)(strong indicator); and whether we have latitude in establishing price. The guidance clearly indicates that the evaluations of these factors, which at times can be contradictory, are subject to significant judgment and subjectivity. If the conclusion drawn is that the Group performs as an agent or a broker without assuming the risks and rewards of ownership of goods, revenue should be reported on a net basis.

On April 1, 2013, the Board of Director resolved to pay an officer for a monthly service fee of US\$4,250. The fee was raised to US\$10,000 per month as at October 1, 2013. The Company has an option to pay the officer by common stock in lieu of cash at a rate of \$0.005 per share. During 2013, the Company issued 1,700,000 shares on June 3, 2013; 850,000 shares on July 2, 2013; 850,000 shares on August 5, 2013 and 850,000 shares on September 6, 2013 with an aggregate of 4,250,000 shares in lieu of \$21,250 compensation to the officer. The amounts recorded were about \$85,000 at fair price per ASC 718.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
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**4.Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)**

Advertising expenses

Advertising expenses are charged to expense as incurred.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The FASB issued Accounting Standard Codification Topic 740 (ASC 740) "Income Taxes". ASC 740 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions. This requires that an entity recognized in the consolidated financial statements the impact of a tax position, if that position is more likely than not of being sustained upon examination, based on the technical merits of the position. The adoption of ASC 740 did not have any impact on the Group's results of operations or financial condition for the three months ended March 31, 2016. As of the date of the adoption of ASC 740, the Group has no material unrecognized tax benefit which would favorably affect the effective income tax rate in future periods. The Group has elected to classify interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits, if and when required, as part of income tax expense in the consolidated statements of operations.

Comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income refers to revenues, expenses, gains and losses that under U.S. GAAP are included in comprehensive income but are excluded from net income as these amounts are recorded as a component of stockholders' equity. The Group's other comprehensive income represented foreign currency translation adjustments.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
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**4.Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

Foreign currency translation

For financial reporting purposes, the financial statements of the Group which are prepared using the functional currency have been translated into United States Dollars (“US\$”). The functional currencies of the Company’s subsidiary operating business unit based in Hong Kong is the Hong Kong Dollar (“HK\$”). The consolidated financial statements are translated into United States dollars from Hong Kong dollars with a ratio of US\$1.00=HK\$7.80, a fixed exchange rate maintained between Hong Kong and United States derived from the Hong Kong Monetary Authority pegging HK\$ and US\$ monetary policy.

Exchange gains or losses arising from foreign currency transactions are included in the determination of net income/loss for the respective periods. All of our revenue/expenses transactions are transacted in the functional currencies. We have not entered into any material transactions that are either originated, or to be settled, in currencies other than the HK\$.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of the Group’s financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, deposits, trade and other payables approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of such instruments. The carrying amounts of borrowings approximate their fair values because the applicable interest rates approximate current market rates.

Basic and diluted earnings per share

The Group computes earnings per share (“EPS”) in accordance with FASB Accounting Standard Codification Topic 260 (“ASC 260”) “Earnings Per Share”, and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 98 (“SAB 98”). ASC 260 requires companies with complex capital structures to present basic and diluted EPS. Basic EPS is measured as the income or loss available to common shareholders divided by the weighted average common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS is similar to basic EPS but presents the dilutive effect on a per share basis of potential common shares (e.g., convertible securities, options, and warrants) as if they had been converted at the beginning of the periods presented, or issuance date, if later. Potential common shares that have an anti-dilutive effect (i.e., those that increase income per share or decrease loss per share) are excluded from the calculation of diluted EPS.

The calculation of diluted weighted average common shares outstanding for three months ended March 31, 2016 is based on the estimate fair value of the Group’s common stock during such periods applied to options using the treasury stock method to determine if they are dilutive.



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**4.Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

Effective on October 19, 2011, each of ten (10) shares of the Company’s Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share, issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time, the “Old Common Stock” shall automatically and without any action on the part of the holder thereof, be reclassified as and changed into one (1) share of the Company’s outstanding Common Stock, the “New Common Stock.”

The following tables are a reconciliation of the weighted average shares used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods presented:

	<i>Three Months Ended Mar 31, 2016</i>	<i>Three Months Ended Mar 31, 2015</i>
	\$	\$
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:		
Net (Loss)/Income	<u>(40,556)</u>	<u>(72,248)</u>
Denominator:		
Basic weighted average shares	18,725,003	18,725,003
Effect of dilutive securities	-	-
Diluted weighted average shares	<u>18,725,003</u>	<u>18,725,003</u>
Basic earnings per share:	<u>(0.22) cents</u>	<u>(0.39) cents</u>
Diluted earnings per share:	<u>(0.22) cents</u>	<u>(0.39) cents</u>

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
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**4.Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

Stock-Based Compensation

Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 718, *Share- Compensation* (formerly, FASB Statement 123R), the Group measures the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award and recognizes the costs over the period the employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award, which generally is the vesting period.

During three months ended March 31, 2016, the Group did not record stock-based compensation expense.

During three months ended March 31, 2015, the Group did not record stock-based compensation expense.

Related parties transactions

A related party is generally defined as (i) any person that holds 10% or more of The Group’s securities and their immediate families, (ii) the Group’s management, (iii) someone that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the Group, or (iv) anyone who can significantly influence the financial and operating decisions of the Group. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

Commitments and contingencies

Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the assessment can be reasonably estimated.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

The FASB has issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2015-01 about Simplifying Income Statement Presentation by Eliminating the Concept of Extraordinary Items. The objective is to reduce the cost and complexity of income statement presentation by eliminating the concept of extraordinary items while maintaining or improving the usefulness of the information provided to the users of financial statements. The extraordinary items must meet two criteria’s: unusual nature and infrequency of occurrence. If an event or transaction meets the criteria for extraordinary classification, an entity is required to segregate the extraordinary item from the results of ordinary operations and show the item separately in the income statement, net of tax, after income from continuing operations. The entity also is required to disclose applicable income taxes. This amendment will be effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. The Board decided to permit early adoption provided that the guidance is applied from the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption.

GREEN STANDARD TECHNOLOGIES, INC.  
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**4. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

The FASB has issued ASU No. 2015-03 about Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. The objective is to require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this Update. For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption of the amendments in this Update is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued.

The FASB has issued ASU No. 2015-05 about Intangibles-Goodwill and Other-Internal-Use Software. The objective is to provide a guidance about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. If a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license, then the customer should account for the software license element of the arrangement consistent with the acquisition of other software licenses. If a cloud computing arrangement does not include a software license, the customer should account for the arrangement as a service contract. The amendment will not change GAAP for a customer's accounting for service contracts. In addition, the guidance in this Update supersedes paragraph 350-40-25-16. Consequently, all software licenses within the scope of Subtopic 350-40 will be accounted for consistent with other licenses of intangible assets. For public business entities, the Board decided that the amendments will be effective for annual periods, including interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendment will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted for all entities.

The FASB has issued ASU No. 2015-06 about Topic 260, Earnings Per Share, which contains guidance that addresses master limited partnerships that originated from Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 07-4. This amendment in this Update specify that for purposes of calculating historical earnings per unit under the two-class method, the earnings (losses) of a transferred business before the date of a dropdown transaction should be allocated entirely to the general partner. In that circumstance, the previously reported earnings per unit of the limited partners (which is typically the earnings per unit measure presented in the financial statements) would not change as a result of the dropdown transaction. Qualitative disclosures about how the rights to the earnings (losses) differ before and after the dropdown transaction occurs for purposes of computing earnings per unit under the two-class method also are required. The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier application is permitted.

The FASB has issued ASU No. 2015-07 about Topic 820, Fair Value Measurement, which permits a reporting entity, as a practical expedient, to measure the fair value of certain investments using the net asset value per share of the investment. The amendments in this Update remove the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy all investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient. The amendments also remove the requirement to make certain disclosures for all investments that are eligible to be measured at fair value using the net asset value per share practical expedient. Rather, those disclosures are limited to investments for which the entity has elected to measure the fair value using that practical expedient. The amendments in this Update apply to reporting entities that elect to measure the fair value of an investment within the related scope by using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient.

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**4. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

The FASB has issued No. 2015-10 "Technical Corrections and Improvements", which aims to address feedback received from stakeholders on the Codification and make improvements to GAAP. The amendments in this update represent changes to clarify the Codification, correct unintended application of guidance, or make minor improvements to the Codification that are not expected to have a significant effect on current accounting practice or create a significant administrative cost to most entities. Some of the amendments will make the Codification easier to understand and apply by eliminating inconsistencies, providing needed clarifications, and improving the presentation of guidance in the Codification. The amendments in this update will apply to all reporting entities within the scope of the affected accounting guidance. The amendments in this update are effective for all entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted.

The FASB has issued No. 2015-11 "Topic 330, Inventory", which aims to simplify the measurement of inventory by changing the subsequent measurement guidance from the lower of cost or market to the lower of cost and net realizable value for inventory within the scope of this Update. The amendments in this update do not apply to inventory that is measured using last-in, first-out (LIFO) or the retail inventory method. The amendments apply to all other inventory, which includes inventory that is measured using first-in, first-out (FIFO) or average cost. An entity should measure inventory within the scope of this Update at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Subsequent measurement is unchanged for inventory measured using LIFO or the retail inventory method. For public business entities, the amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all

other entities, the amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

The FASB has issued No. 2015-14“Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers”, which aims to respond to stakeholders’ requests to defer the effective date of the guidance in Update 2014-09 and to consider feedback received through extensive outreach with preparers, practitioners, and users of financial statements. The amendments in this update defer the effective date of Update 2014-09 for all entities by one year. Public business entities, certain not-for-profit entities, and certain employee benefit plans should apply the guidance in Update 2014-09 to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. Earlier application is permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period.

The FASB has issued No. 2015-16“Topic 805, Business Combinations”: Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments, which aims to identify, evaluate, and improve areas of GAAP for which cost and complexity can be reduced while maintaining or improving the usefulness of the information provided to users of financial statements. The amendments in this Update require that an acquirer recognize adjustments to provisional amounts that are identified during the measurement period in the reporting period in which the adjustment amounts are determined. The amendments in this update require that the acquirer record, in the same period’s financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date. The amendments in this update require an entity to present separately on the face of the income statement or disclose in the notes the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date. For public business entities, the amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

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**4. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)**

The FASB has issued No. 2015-17“Topic 740, Income Taxes”: Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, which aims to identify, evaluate, and improve areas of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for which cost and complexity can be reduced while maintaining or improving the usefulness of the information provided to users of financial statements. The amendments in this update require that deferred tax liabilities and assets be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. The amendments in this update apply to all entities that present a classified statement of financial position. The current requirement that deferred tax liabilities and assets of a tax-paying component of an entity be offset and presented as a single amount is not affected by the amendments in this Update. The amendments in this update will align the presentation of deferred income tax assets and liabilities with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. For all other entities, the amendments in this update are effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and interim periods within annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is permitted for all entities as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by the FASB or other standards-setting bodies that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements upon adoption.

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**5. Income taxes**

The Company and its subsidiaries file separate income tax returns

The Company and one subsidiary are incorporated in the United States, and are subject to United States federal and state income taxes. The Company did not generate taxable income in the United States in 2016 and 2015.

One subsidiary is incorporated in Hong Kong, and is subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax at 16.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. Provision for Hong Kong profits tax has not been made for the year presented as the subsidiaries have no assessable profits during the year.

**6. Other payables and accrued liabilities**

	<i>Mar 31,</i> <i>2016</i>	<i>Dec 31,</i> <i>2015</i>
	\$	\$
Sale deposits received	-	-
Accrued expenses	448,154	408,387
Other payables	-	-
	448,154	408,387

**7. Amount due from / to related party**

Amount due from / to related party are as follows:

	<i>Mar 31</i> <i>2016</i>	<i>Dec 31</i> <i>2015</i>
	\$	\$
Amount due from related party	13,766	14,490
Amount due to related party	-	-

As of March 31, 2016 and Dec 31, 2015, the amount due from/to related party, represent advances from shareholders of the Group, are interest free, unsecured, and have no fixed repayment terms.

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**8. Fair Value Measurements**

The Group adopted FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (“ASC 820”), related to The Group’s financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 — quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 — observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 3 — unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data available, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

ASC 820 also provides guidance for determining the fair value of a financial asset when the market for that asset is not active, and for determining fair value when the volume and level of activity for an asset or liability have significantly decreased and includes guidance on identifying circumstances that indicate when a transaction is not orderly.

The effective date for certain aspects of ASC 820 was deferred and currently being evaluated by The Group. Areas impacted by the deferral relate to nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value, but are recognized or disclosed at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. The effects of these remaining aspects of ASC 820 are to be applied by the Group to fair value measurements prospectively beginning November 1, 2010. The adoption of the remaining aspects of ASC 820 is not expected to have a material impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

The following table details the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities within the three levels of the fair value hierarchy at March 31, 2016 and Dec 31,



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**Fair Value Measurements at reporting date using**

	<b>March 31, 2016</b>	<b>Quoted Price in active Markets for identical assets (level 1)</b>	<b>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</b>	<b>Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</b>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Assets</b>				
Restricted cash	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	108	108	-	-

**Fair Value Measurements at reporting date using**

	<b>December 31, 2015</b>	<b>Quoted Price in active Markets for identical assets (level 1)</b>	<b>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</b>	<b>Significant Other Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</b>
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Assets</b>				
Restricted cash	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	173	173	-	-

**9. Commitments and contingencies**

The Company did not have commitments and contingencies during the three months and year ended of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

## 10. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated all other subsequent events as of May 16, 2016 and determined that there were no other subsequent events or transactions that require recognition or disclosures in the financial statements.

## Item 2. Management ' s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations .

### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT FOR FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations includes “forward-looking” statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. We use words such as “expect,” “anticipate,” “believe,” and “intend” and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. You should be aware that actual results may differ materially from our expressed expectations because of risks and uncertainties inherent in future events and you should not rely unduly on these forward looking statements. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update these statements, or disclose any difference between its actual results and those reflected in these statements. Reference in the following discussion to “our”, “us” and “we” refer to the operations of the Corporation and its subsidiaries (“We”), except where the context otherwise indicates or requires.

The following discussion of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes to the audited financial statements included in this annual report. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results may differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

#### A. Current Operating Results

On March 4, 2013 Green Standard Technologies, Inc. (“GST”, “the Company”) acquired all the outstanding stock of Olive Oils Direct International, Inc. (“OODI”), a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Wyoming.

On March 31, 2015, the Company disposed the operation unit of OODI for US\$1,000 to Jet Express Trading Limited, a Hong Kong registered company.

Syndicore Asia Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Syndicore Asia Limited is also in the start-up phase and is in the process of entering into arrangements and agreements to implement the current business plan.

Syndicore Asia Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Syndicore Asia Limited is also in the startup phase and is in the process of entering into arrangements and agreements to implement the current business plan. Syndicore Asia Limited is an online media company that syndicates professional sports video in a cloud-based, multimedia conduit serving a growing, global community of content creators, news outlets and leading brands. Syndicore Asia Limited will be a provider of syndicated sports video media to news organizations in the Asia Pacific region. In addition, Syndicore Asia Limited plans to aggregate content from the Asia Pacific region and provide it to news organizations around the world.

Syndicore Asia Limited is devoting its resources to establishing the new business, and its planned operations have not yet commenced. Accordingly, no revenues have been earned during the period from its inception on April 23, 2013 to March 31, 2016.

On August 1, 2014 GST formed Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. (“GSTEI”) as a wholly owned subsidiary incorporated under the laws of the state of Nevada. The Company’s second line of business is carried out by this subsidiary.

GSTEI is in medical and recreation marijuana industry, and the establishment of a website will be used to further its business by providing customers with medical and recreational marijuana resources. Management believes that this online presence is essential in developing and expanding their existing business. GSTEI is no revenues have been earned during the period from its inception on August 1, 2014 to March 31, 2016.

On June 6, 2015, the Nevada subsidiary, Green Standard Technologies Inc. filed articles of amendment to change its name to “Green Standard Technologies Enterprises, Inc. On June 17, 2015, the Nevada holding company, Baoshinn Corporation amended its articles to change its name to “Green Standard Technologies, Inc.”

In the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, we derived no revenues from our operation.

#### Results of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015

The following table sets forth a summary of our consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated.

<i>Three months Ended</i>	<i>Three months Ended</i>
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	<i>Mar 31 2016</i>	<i>Mar 31, 2015</i>
	\$	\$
Revenue	-	-
Administrative and other operating expenses	(40,556)	(72,248)
Income/(Loss) from operations	(40,556)	(72,248)
Other non-operating income	-	-
Interest expenses – Note 7	-	-
Income/(Loss) before income taxes	(40,556)	(72,248)
Income taxes - Note 8	-	-
Net Income/(Loss)	(40,556)	(72,248)
Non-controlling interest	-	-
Net Income/(Loss) attributable to The Group	<u>(40,556)</u>	<u>(72,248)</u>

**Revenues**

In the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, we derived no revenues from our current operation.

**Cost of Sales and Gross Profit**

We do not have revenue, cost of sales and gross profit for the current period.

## Operating Expenses, Interest Expenses and Attributed Loss

Total operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 were \$40,556, while the operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$72,248. Our operating expenses decreased 156.13% attributed to the reduction of legal and professional expenses and decrease in service fee expenses incurred on the web business venture.

Our interest expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 were \$0, while the interest expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$0. The interest expenses were immaterial.

Total attributed loss for the three months ended March 31, 2016 were \$40,556; while the attributed loss for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were \$72,248. Our attributed loss decreased 156.13% owing to the reduction of legal and professional expenses and decrease in service fee expenses incurred on the web business venture.

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## B. Liquidity and Capital Resources

### *Operating Activities Going Concern*

We had a net loss of \$40,556 and 72,248 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015; and a net loss since inception of \$893,603. On December 31, 2015 and on March 31, 2016 we had cash on hand of \$108 and \$173. The accumulative loss has raised substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Although our consolidated financial statements raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, they did not include any adjustments relating to recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts or classifications of liabilities that might be necessary in the event we cannot continue as a going concern. Certain of our shareholders have verbally agreed to provide continuing financial support to us for losses we may incur in the future.

### *Liquidity*

The following table sets forth the summary of our cash flows for the periods indicated:

	<i>For Three Months Ended Mar 31, 2016 (unaudited) \$</i>	<i>For Three Months Ended Mar 31, 2015 (audited) \$</i>
Net cash flows used in operating activities	(789)	(21,502)
Net cash flows generated from investing activities	-	22,942
Net cash flows (used in) / generated from financing activities	724	(2,279)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(65)	(839)
Effect of foreign currency translation	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	173	2,034
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	108	1,195

### *Operating Activities*

Net cash used in operating activities was \$789 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 as compared to net cash used in operating activities of \$21,502 for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The decrease in cash used during the three months ended March 31, 2016 is mainly due to the reduction of legal and professional expenses and decrease in service fee expenses incurred on the web business venture.

### *Investing Activities*

Net cash generated in investing activities was \$22,942 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 as compared to no cash generated or used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2016. The decrease in cash generated during the three months ended March 31, 2016 is mainly due to no investing incurred.

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### *Financing Activities*

Net cash provided / (used in) by financing activities was \$724 and \$(2,279) for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. This reflected net cash advance from related parties as of March 31, 2016, as compared to \$2,279 an advance to related parties and net cash generated from issuance of common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2015.

As of March 31, 2016, the amounts due from or to related parties, represented advances from related parties of the Company which are interest free, unsecured, and have no fixed repayment terms.

In the current operation, the source of fund was provided by loan from directors and shareholders. In case the directors and shareholders did not continue to support the operation, the Company will be short of fund and cannot operate any longer.

#### **C. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements .**

The Company has no off-balance sheet obligations or guarantees and has not used special purpose entities for any transactions.

#### **D. Contractual Obligations .**

The Company has no contractual obligations in debt, lease, purchases or any other arrangements

#### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risks .**

Not Applicable.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures .**

##### **(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and that management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs.

Based on our evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, determined that our internal controls over disclosure controls and procedures were effective and were adequate to insure that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act were recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the commission rules and forms.

(b) Management Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Under the supervision of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2016 using the May 2013 updated criteria established in "Internal Control—Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. In our assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of March 31, 2016, we determined that our controls were effective.

(c) Changes in internal controls.

There have been no significant changes in our internal controls or other factors that would significantly affect such controls and procedures subsequent to the date we completed our evaluation. Therefore, no corrective actions were taken.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

**Item 1. Legal Proceedings .**

To the best knowledge of the Company's officers and directors, the Company is currently not a party to any material pending legal proceeding.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors.**

Not applicable as a smaller reporting company.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds .**

None.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities .**

None.

**Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures .**

Not applicable.

**Item 5. Other Information .**

None.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

(a) Exhibits

\*3.1 Certificate of Incorporation

\*3.2 Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation

\*3.3 By-laws

\*4.0 Stock Certificate

31.1 Amended Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

31.2 Amended Certification pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

32.1 Amended Certification pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

32.2 Amended Certification pursuant to Section 906 of Sarbanes Oxley Act of 2002

101 Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T

\* Filed as an exhibit to the Company's registration statement on Form SB-2, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 14, 2006, and incorporated herein by this reference.

(b) Reports of Form 8-K

None.

## SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: March 15, 2017

TECHNOLOGIES, INC)

ZLL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, INC. (F/K/AGREEN STANDARD

By: /s/ Sean Webster  
Sean Webster



**AMENDED CERTIFICATION OF  
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Sean Webster, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this amended Form 10-Q/A of ZZLL Information Technology, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.) (the "Company");
2. Based on my knowledge, this amended report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this amended report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods present in this report;
4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the small business issuer and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this amended report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this amended report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonable likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: March 15, 2017

**ZZLL Information Technology, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.)**

By: /s/ Sean Webster  
Sean Webster

**AMENDED CERTIFICATION OF  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Sean Webster, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this amended Form 10-Q/A of ZZLL Information Technology, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.). (the "Company");
2. Based on my knowledge, this amended report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this amended report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods present in this report;
4. The small business issuers other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the small business issuer and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this amended report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonable likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: March 17, 20176

**ZZLL Information Technolgy, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.)**

By: /s/ Sean Webster  
Sean Webster

**AMENDED CERTIFICATION OF  
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

In connection with the accompanying Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of ZZLL Information Technology, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.), (the "Company") for the quarter ending March 31, 2016, I, Sean Webster, Chief Executive Officer of the Company hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that:

1. Such Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ending March 31, 2016, fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in such Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ending March 31, 2016, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: March 15, 2017

**ZZLL Information Technolgy, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.)**

By: /s/ Sean Webster  
Sean Webster



**Exhibit 32.2**

**AMENDED CERTIFICATION OF  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350**

In connection with the accompanying Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of ZZLL Information Technology, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.) (the "Company") for the quarter ending March 31, 2016, I, Sean Webster, Chief Financial Officer of the Company hereby certify pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of my knowledge and belief, that:

1. Such Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q /A for the quarter ending March 31, 2016, fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in such Amended Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A for the quarter ending March 31, 2016, fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: March 15, 2017

**ZZLL Information Technolgy, Inc. (F/K/A Green Standard Technologies, Inc.)**

By: /s/ Sean Webster

Sean Webster